

**Q008 (GS60/GPC5)**

# Grid Scored & Grooved

**Main feature: Formable / Distributor**

Allows a fast and robust resin flow in closed molding applications where there are curved or slightly curved geometries. Q008 has longitudinal grooves, or transverse “GS60/GPC7” and provides a secure wet-out on both sides of the core, while it still provides one surface with good surface finish.

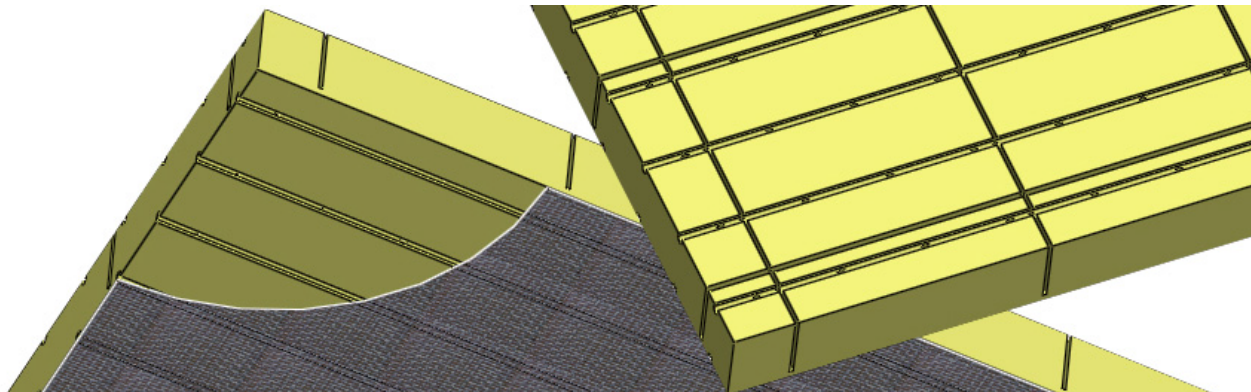


Figure 1: Q008 bottom view (left picture) and top view (right)

**Description**

By combining two existing finishes a third finishing is created with new features. Q008 is a combination of grid scored, grooved and perforated materials.

Typical measurements:	
<b>GS60</b>	
Center-to-center (c - c)	60mm
Depth (D)	~2mm from bottom of sheet
Width (W)	~0.9mm U-shaped cuts
<b>GPC5</b>	
Center-to-center (c - c)	20mm
Depth (D)	2mm
Width (W)	2mm
Perforation (Ø)	2mm

**Benefits**

- Reduces cost
- Big process window
- Minimizing the risk of print troughs from the core
- Facilitating easy and fast lay-up of infusion strategy

In addition to excellent infusion characteristics, Q008 also has economical benefits since there is no need for additional flow medias, due to the effective

grooving and perforating of the core.

Due to its fast flow, the distances between feeder lines are not as critical as it is the case without this configuration. This means that there are a lot of savings both in labor, materials and consumables compared to other infusion methods.

Due to the fairly large c-c distance between grid scores the resin uptake is much reduced.

**Typical applications**

- Decks
- Top sides
- Hulls
- Panels
- Webs
- Nacelles

Q008 is very well suited for most kinds of applications where efficiency and low resin consumption is of interest.

## Process characteristics

- Good wet-out
- Robust
- Fast
- Reliable

The size of the grooves and perforations enables a variety of resins with different viscosities to flow securely and fast along the cores surfaces and to both sides of the core, which in its turn secures a good bond between laminate and core.

The design of the grooves (width, depth and distance between them) in combination with the perforations yields a fast flow and a proper saturation of fibers and core surface, which secures a good bond line.

The purpose of the perforations is to ensure a good transfer of resin to both sides of the core. A further advantage is that the infusion feeder lines can be positioned where it is most strategically appropriate, independent of the core sheet position.

As mentioned earlier, another important benefit with perforations is that it yields less print through from resin shrinkage compared to having grooves facing the outer surface.

The preferred way to put the Q008 sheet down in a laminate or mold is to turn it so it closes the grid scores, which reduces resin uptake, decreases exothermic peaks and decreases risk of surface printing.

## Limitations and considerations

Resin consumption increases with the thickness of Q008.

It is preferably intended for slightly curved surfaces and yields less resin consumption than for example GS30 combinations due to the larger span between the grid scores.

## Finishing Solutions

DIAB utilizes a combination of its complete range of finishing options to provide an optimized solution based on customers' requirements and objectives. Should the standard range not fulfill the needs, tailor made cuts and solutions can be defined and developed. Normally this is not needed as the range of options and DIAB competence covers majority of needs in various industries.

## Kits

To fully optimize the application for cost, performance and quality DIAB can engineer and design a core kit delivered in lay-up sequence. The kit of precut pieces is optimized for mechanical requirements, lay-up, manufacturing process, cost and quality objectives. The kit is produced by our skilled personnel using a combination of traditional and CNC equipment to achieve the desired result.

By working with kits our customers gain access to the full competence of DIAB in terms of engineered design, core materials and range of manufacturing techniques, all having a profound impact on the ability to reach the objectives of the application from cost, quality and performance point of view.

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